

APPALACHIAN COMMUNITY ACTION \& DEVELOPMENT AGENCY, INC.

# 2018 Community Assessment Annual Update 

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## AppCAA Community Assessment

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## Executive Summary and Conclusions

Central Appalachia is a region deeply troubled by persistent poverty. At the same time, it is a region of opportunity, and people who are used to hard work. Founded in 1965, Appalachian Community Action and Development Agency (AppCAA) serves Lee, Scott and Wise Counties and the City of Norton in far Southwest Virginia. AppCAA's vision is the elimination of poverty by enabling residents to achieve selfsufficiency. The agency's mission is to eliminate poverty and make AppCAA's clients more self-sufficient by development of resources and services to low income individuals and households in AppCAA's service area.

Lee, Scott, Wise Counties, and the City of Norton (Lenowisco) tend to have similar needs and similar reasons for those needs. All have suffered because of structural changes to the economy including the mechanization and internationalization of mining and farming. All are heavily reliant on state and federal funds to subsidize local schools and governments. All are increasingly working together on projects related to economic development as a way to pool limited resources. All bear the burden of high poverty rates, higher than state and national unemployment rates, issues of substance abuse, population decline, and high levels of people with debt in collections.

The key issues across Lenowisco region of Southwest Virginia identified through this Community Assessment are:

- Underemployment/unemployment
- High housing cost burdens
- Older housing stock
- High poverty and food insecurity
- Poor health indicators
- Low education rates beyond high school
- Substance abuse
- Declining population and changing demographics
- Personal debt and need for financial counseling

Though there are significant similarities across the jurisdictions served by the agency, there are also important differences. Specific key findings by locality are laid out in the next section. With the data that has been collected both quantitative and qualitative, AppCAA has prioritized these four needs, which were consistently identified across all service areas as the most urgent.

1. Employment
2. Housing
3. Financial Empowerment
4. Nutrition

AppCAA addresses these needs with various programs, such as AppCAA's housing rehabilitation and weatherization programs, summer food programs, tax preparation, various emergency services programs to help clients with housing, food, and utility assistance, and a new financial empowerment

2018
program. While AppCAA is not a health or substance abuse service provider, high levels of addiction in the region contribute significantly to poverty. AppCAA is supporting efforts across the region, participating in coalitions and housing an AmeriCorps VISTA member dedicated to this effort.

Statistically, this region continues to be worse off than the rest of Virginia and the country. One thing not captured by these statistics is the strong relationship many of the residents have to the place and community in which they live. It is not uncommon for residents of the region to have a connection to the land that goes back four generations or more. For many residents this deep-seated family history is paramount to other considerations regarding the decision to stay or move. It also has the benefit of creating a strong support network for the residents. This support network is the most important "asset" that many residents have.

Sadly, the data in this survey overwhelmingly points to one conclusion: The need for AppCAA to continue and expand its programs is as urgent as ever.

## Key Findings

People and agencies in AppCAA's service area continue to face many challenges and much suffering. Unfortunately, the clients AppCAA was created to help, those in poverty and struggling to avoid poverty, will continue to carry the bulk of this suffering.

## Community Survey

The 2017 community survey suggests there is need for a broad range of services in Southwest Virginia. The top four needs identified are: employment, housing, financial empowerment and nutrition, these four needs match the agency's current and coming year priorities.

## Client Satisfaction Survey

Half of the 111 respondents to a client satisfaction survey said this was not the first time they received services from AppCAA. Over half of those same 111 respondents said they were seeking help with a crisis/emergency. This strongly suggests that the region needs to strengthen its efforts to address the causes of poverty, such as through financial empowerment programs.

The survey shows clients believe AppCAA:

- treated them with respect- $100 \%$,
- provided services or information they needed-98\%,
- their family's life improved as a result of being a client of AppCAA- $87 \%$, and
- they would recommend AppCAA to family and friends- 99\%.


## Lee County

Lee County is the western most county in Virginia; it borders both the Tennessee and Kentucky, and covers 436 square miles. As can be seen from Community Commons, County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, U.S. Census, and other information sources:

- $26.1 \%$ of households are in poverty compared to the state average of $11.4 \%$
- Unemployment rate of $7.3 \%$ compared to the state average of $4.3 \%$
- Percent of housing without plumbing is $1.64 \%$ compared to Virginia's rate of $0.31 \%$
- $64.42 \%$ of children receive free/reduced price lunches compared to Virginia's rate of $41.22 \%$
- Percent of residents lacking health insurance is $15.9 \%$ compared to Virginia's 10.7\%
- Drug overdose deaths 30.1 per 100,000 compared to the national average of 20.6 per 100,000
- Population decline of -7.7\% compared to Virginia's growth of 5.5\% from 2010 to 2017
- Population with a high school diploma or higher 75.4\% compared to Virginia's $88.6 \%$
- The Appalachian Regional Commission classifies the county's economic status as Distressed
- $46 \%$ of households have personal debt in collections compared to Virginia's 29\%
- Overall County Health ranking 119th lowest out of 133 municipalities in Virginia


## Scott County

Scott County is in southwestern Virginia on the Tennessee border, covering 539 square miles. As can be seen from Community Commons, County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, U.S. Census, and other information sources:

- $20.1 \%$ of households are in poverty compared to the state average of $11.4 \%$
- Unemployment rate of $5.3 \%$ compared to the state average of $4.3 \%$
- Percent of housing without plumbing is $1.08 \%$ compared to Virginia's rate of $0.31 \%$
- 57.09\% of children receive free/reduced price lunches compared to Virginia's rate of $41.22 \%$
- Percent of residents lacking health insurance is $11.5 \%$ compared to Virginia's $10.7 \%$
- Drug overdose deaths 23.7 per 100,000 compared to the national average of 20.6 per 100,000
- Population decline of -5.5\% compared to Virginia's growth of 5.5\% from 2010 to 2017
- Population with a high school diploma or higher 79.3\% compared to Virginia's 88.6\%
- The Appalachian Regional Commission classifies the county's economic status as At-Risk
- $33 \%$ of households have personal debt in collections compared to Virginia's 29\%
- Overall County Health ranking 92nd lowest out of 133 municipalities in Virginia


## Wise County

Wise County is in southwestern Virginia on the Kentucky border, covering 405 square miles. This county is the most populated of AppCAA's service area. As can be seen from Community Commons, County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, U.S. Census, and other information sources:

- $21.2 \%$ of households are in poverty compared to the state average of $11.4 \%$
- Unemployment rate of $9.3 \%$ compared to the state average of $4.3 \%$
- Percent of housing without plumbing is .59\% compared to Virginia's rate of $0.31 \%$
- $55.33 \%$ of children receive free/reduced price lunches compared to Virginia's rate of $41.22 \%$
- Percent of residents lacking health insurance is $12.5 \%$ compared to Virginia's $10.7 \%$
- Drug overdose deaths 48.1 per 100,000 compared to the national average of 20.6 per 100,000
- Population decline of $-5.5 \%$ compared to Virginia's growth of $5.5 \%$ from 2010 to 2017
- Population with a high school diploma or higher $75.2 \%$ compared to Virginia's $88.6 \%$
- The Appalachian Regional Commission classifies the county's economic status as Distressed
- $53 \%$ of households have personal debt in collections compared to Virginia's $29 \%$
- Overall County Health ranking 124th lowest out of 133 municipalities in Virginia


## Norton City

Norton City is located within Wise County and includes 7.21 square miles. As can be seen from Community Commons, County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, U.S. Census, and other information sources:

- $26.5 \%$ of households are in poverty compared to the state average of $11.4 \%$
- Unemployment rate of 6.9\% compared to the state average of 4.3\%
- Percent of housing without plumbing is 0\% compared to Virginia's rate of $0.31 \%$
- $66.95 \%$ of children receive free/reduced price lunches compared to Virginia's rate of $41.22 \%$
- Percent of residents lacking health insurance is $10.5 \%$ compared to Virginia's 10.7\%
- Drug overdose death rates are not available but are likely close to Wise County's
- Population decline of -1.6\% compared to Virginia's growth of 5.5\% from 2010 to 2017
- Population with a high school diploma or higher 82.8\% compared to Virginia's 88.6\%
- The Appalachian Regional Commission classifies the city's economic status as Distressed
- 58\% of households have personal debt in collections compared to Virginia's 29\%
- Overall County Health ranking 74th lowest out of 133 municipalities in Virginia


## Agency Overview and Assessment Methodology

Appalachian Community Action \& Development Agency, Inc. currently offers 13 programs and services in 4 work areas. The four work areas include business and economic development, children's programs, housing and community solutions, and volunteer programs. The agency serves Lee County, Scott County, Wise County, and the City of Norton. AppCAA's main office is just outside of Gate City in Scott County. AppCAA also has offices in Jonesville (Lee County), Big Stone Gap (Wise County), and the warehouse/office facility for housing repair/weatherization crews in Duffield (Scott County). As of April 2018, AppCAA employs 22 people, has one fulltime VISTA volunteer, a budget of approximately $\$ 1.4$ million for FY2018, and an estimated local economic impact of over \$4.2 million annually.

This community assessment uses data from different sources including Community Commons, The U.S. Census Bureau, the Appalachian Regional Commission, Urban Institute, County Health Rankings, and surveys completed by clients, local partners, and AppCAA's Board of Directors. The racial and ethnic makeup of the region is $94 \%$ white and $3.9 \%$ black; because of this, no data is presented by race. Staff wishes to note its gratitude to the national Community Action Partnership's relationship with Community Commons, which aggregates and presents very useful data, charts, and graphs for community use.

As a Community Action Agency, AppCAA develops a comprehensive Community Assessment every three years. The Community Assessment is updated annually during its second and third year of use. 2018 is the second year for the current Community Assessment. The goal of the Community Assessment is to investigate the types and levels of needs as well as the community resources that already exist to address those needs. As part of creating the Community Assessment, AppCAA staff gathers a broad range of quantitative and qualitative data about and from the communities served by the agency.

Staff analyzed both the quantitative and the qualitative data, looking for areas of convergence and divergence. Broadly speaking, the information from people who completed surveys supports the

## AppCAA Community Assessment

demographic information gathered on the communities, arguing that residents have a clear understanding of area needs.

AppCAA's dedicated Board of Directors utilizes this Community Assessment - informed by the agency's knowledgeable staff, and considering the programs for which the agency already receives funding - to establish key priorities for the agency to address in its long-term Strategic Plan and to operationalize in the agency's annual Community Action Plan. The agency will address some needs directly, through programming and resource development. Other needs it will address with partnerships and supporting other agencies in their efforts.

This Community Assessment will guide the agency's Strategic Plan and will be broadly shared with residents and agencies that are invested in understanding the needs of Scott, Lee, Wise counties, and the City of Norton.

For full data sets and more detailed data, please contact Stuart Burrill at sburrill@appcaa.org.

## Community Survey

In 2017, Appalachian Community Action conducted a client survey as well as a partner survey to gather community input. Survey responses came from 204 clients, 12 partners, and 8 members from AppCAA's Board of Directors, and included responses across the agency's entire service area. The 12 partners included responses from five sectors: community based, faith based, private sector, public sector, and educational institutions. As noted above, the responses reinforce information from other data resources about the greatest needs in the service area.

## CLIENT SURVEY RESULTS ALL SERVICE AREAS



As can be seen in the collected surveys, the needs that ranked the highest were job related, parenting education, financial education, health care, and housing. This data will also be reiterated in the next graph that will show the responses from the board and local partners.


## AppCAA Community Assessment



The surveys from both clients and partners, demonstrate that health care, employment/job related, housing, and substance abuse are the highest priority needs in the region.

## AppCAA Community Assessment

## Client Satisfaction Survey

Beginning in the fall of 2017 AppCAA started collecting client satisfaction surveys. The survey asks eight questions. Anonymous survey forms were given to clients and prospective clients when they came to an AppCAA facility. 111 surveys were filled out between October, 2017 and early April, 2018. Respondents self selected to participate in this survey. This survey is an ongoing effort.

The first seven questions ask respondents to answer "yes", "no", or "N/A":

1. I was treated with respect?

| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES |
| :--- | :--- |
| Yes | $100.00 \%$ |
| No | $0.00 \%$ |
| N/A | $0.00 \%$ |
| TOTAL |  |

2. The building was clean and accessible?

| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Yes | $100.00 \%$ | 111 |
| No | $0.00 \%$ | 0 |
| N/A | $0.00 \%$ | 0 |
| TOTAL |  | 111 |

3. I got the services or information I needed?

| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Yes | $98.17 \%$ | 107 |
| No | $1.83 \%$ | 2 |
| N/A | $0.00 \%$ | 0 |
| Total Respondents: 109 |  |  |

4. My and /or my family's life has improved in some way as a result of being a client of AppCAA?

| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Yes | $87.04 \%$ | 94 |
| No | $0.00 \%$ | 0 |
| N/A | $12.96 \%$ | 14 |
| Total Respondents: 108 |  |  |

## AppCAA Community Assessment

5. I would recommend AppCAA to my family and friends?

| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Yes | $99.08 \%$ | 108 |
| No | $0.92 \%$ | 1 |
| N/A | $0.00 \%$ | 0 |
| TOTAL |  | 109 |

6. Was this your first time receiving services from AppCAA?

| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES |
| :--- | :--- |
| YeS | $48.18 \%$ |
| No | $50.00 \%$ |
| N/A | $1.82 \%$ |
| TOTAL |  |

7. Was this for a crisis/ emergency?

| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Yes | $52.25 \%$ | 58 |
| No | $42.34 \%$ | 47 |
| N/A | $5.41 \%$ | 6 |
| TOTAL |  | 111 |

8. The last question allows for an open-ended response: Do you have any other comments, questions, or concerns?

21 individuals responded to question \#8. Of these responses, the vast majority was complimentary and appreciative of AppCAA's staff and programs, none of the comments were negative towards AppCAA.

## Community Profiles

## Lee County

Lee County is the southwestern most county in the Commonwealth of Virginia. It borders both Tennessee and Kentucky. Lee County had a population of 23,328 according to the American Community Survey in 2016. When compared to the other counties in AppCAA's service area Lee County is the second largest in terms of population, it is also the second largest in size at 436 square miles. Lee County is considered rural by every major agency, and in practical terms, is very rural. The population is almost entirely English speaking with the white population making up $93.5 \%$ of the population and a population of $4.1 \%$ black residents according to the US Census Bureau.

For 2018, the Appalachian Regional Commission considers the county's economic status to be Distressed, the lowest ranking out of five possibilities.

One bright spot for Lee County is Lincoln Memorial University's recently opened veterinary school in the western portion of the county. LMU, based in neighboring Harrogate, TN, has opened a number of graduate programs that have attracted students from across the country.

## Poverty

Lee County, continues to have some of the highest poverty rates in Virginia, it also has the highest poverty rates in AppCAA's service area. Poverty creates barriers to accessing health services, healthy food, and other necessities, thus contributing to poor health status. For 2016, the federal poverty level (FPL) was $\$ 11,880$ for a one person household and $\$ 24,300$ for a four person household.

Poverty - Population Below 100\% FPL

| Report <br> Area | Total <br> Population | Population in <br> Poverty | Percent Population in <br> Poverty | Percent Population in <br> Poverty |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Lee County | 23,328 | 6,080 | $26.06 \%$ |  |
| Virginia | $8,060,892$ | 921,664 | $11.43 \%$ | 0 |
| United <br> States | $310,629,645$ | $46,932,225$ | $15.11 \%$ | $30 \%$ |
| Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. <br> Source geography: Tract | Lee County (26.06\%) |  |  |  |

Poverty - Children Below 100\% FPL

| Report | Total |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Area |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population | Population <br> Under Age <br> 18 | Population <br> Under Age 18 <br> in Poverty | Percent Population <br> Under Age 18 in <br> Poverty | Percent Population Under |  |
| Lee in Poverty <br> County | 23,328 | 4,606 | 1,807 | $39.23 \%$ |  |
| Virginia | $8,060,892$ | $1,838,212$ | 278,352 | $15.14 \%$ |  |
| United <br> States | $310,629,645$ | $72,456,096$ | $15,335,783$ | $21.17 \%$ | Lee County (39.23\%) |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.
Poverty - Population Below 200\% FPL

| Report <br> Area | Total <br> Population | Population with <br> Income at or Below <br> 200\% FPL | Percent Population with <br> Income at or Below 200\% <br> FPL |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Lee <br> County | 23,328 | 11,744 | $50.34 \%$ |
| Virginia | $8,060,892$ | $2,142,217$ | $26.58 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $310,629,645$ | $104,390,198$ | $33.61 \%$ |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

## Poverty - Children Below 200\% FPL

$\left.$|  | Total <br> Report <br> Area | Population <br> Under Age <br> 18 | Population Under <br> Age 18 at or Below <br> $200 \% ~ F P L$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | | Percent Population Under |
| :--- |
| Age 18 at or Below 200\% |
| FPL | \right\rvert\, | Lee <br> County | 4,606 | 2,915 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

Percent Population Under Age 18 at or Below 200\% FPL


Nutrition
Food insecurity, limited or uncertain access to adequate food, is an ongoing concern for many people in Lee County, particularly children and the elderly. Poor nutrition directly contributes to worse health and lower performance in school. Food insecurity is directly tied to poverty and household income.

## Children Eligible for Free or Reduced Price Lunch

| Report <br> Area | Total <br> Students | Number <br> Free/Reduced Price <br> Lunch Eligible | Percent Free/Reduced <br> Price Lunch Eligible |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Lee <br> County | 3,297 | 2,190 | $66.42 \%$ |
| Virginia | $1,283,548$ | 523,972 | $41.22 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $50,611,787$ | $25,893,504$ | $52.61 \%$ |

Data Source: National Center for Education Statistics, NCES - Common Core of Data. 2015-16.

Food Insecurity Rate

| Report <br> Area | Total <br> Population | Food Insecure <br> Population, Total | Food Insecurity Rate |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Lee <br> County | 25,380 | 3,790 | $14.93 \%$ |
| Virginia | $8,326,289$ | 983,880 | $11.8 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $318,198,163$ | $47,448,890$ | $14.91 \%$ |

Data Source: Feeding America. 2014. Source geography: County

## Population Receiving SNAP Benefits (formerly called Food Stamps)

| Report <br> Area | Total <br> Households | Households <br> Receiving SNAP <br> Benefits | Percent Households <br> Receiving SNAP Benefits |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Lee <br> County | 9,282 | 2,238 | $24.11 \%$ |
| Virginia | $3,090,178$ | 291,537 | $9.43 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $117,716,237$ | $15,360,951$ | $13.05 \%$ |

Percent Students Eligible for Free or Reduced Price Lunch


Lee County (66.42\%)
Virginia (41.22\%)
United States (52.61\%)

Percentage of Total Population with Food Insecurity


Lee County (14.93)
Virginia (11.8)
United States (14.91)

Percent Households
Receiving SNAP Benefits


Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.
Individual Financial Position
According to the Urban Institute's recently published Debt in America: An Interactive Map, 46\% of Lee County households have debt in collections, with a median household debt in collections of \$842. Virginia has an average of $29 \%$ percent of households with debt in collections. The most common component of debt in collections is medical bills.

Having debt in collections dramatically lowers credit ratings. A lower credit rating limits access to financing, and when that financing is available, it often comes with predatory rates and fees. In addition, a poor credit rating can limit a family's ability to afford transportation, increase their housing cost (while preventing home ownership), and increase insurance rates. Credit rating is increasingly used by employers when making hiring decisions. AppCAA is expanding its financial counseling efforts in part to help families overcome this hurdle.

## Income - Median Family Income

This indicator reports median family income based on the latest 5-year American Community Survey estimates. A family household is any housing unit in which the householder is living with one or more individuals related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. Family income includes the incomes of all family members age 15 and older.

|  |  |  | Median Family Income |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Report <br> Area | Total Family <br> Households | Average Family <br> Income | Median Family <br> Income |  |
| Lee County | 6,251 | $\$ 54,151$ | $\$ 45,018$ |  |
| Virginia | $2,067,943$ | $\$ 105,488$ | $\$ 80,068$ | 0 |
| United <br> States | $77,608,829$ | $\$ 90,960$ | $\$ 67,871$ | Lee County (45,018) |
| Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. | Virginia (80,068) <br> United States |  |  |  |

## Unemployment

Unemployment in Lee County continues to be high, not just compared to the Commonwealth of Virginia, but also compared to the rest of AppCAA's service area. Lee County has long had a higher unemployment rate than the state as a whole, for the last several years it has also been worse than the national rate. The unemployment rate measures those out of work for less than 180 days and currently looking for work, it does not measure underemployment.

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Unemployment Rate as of December 2017

| Report <br> Area | Labor Force | Number <br> Employed | Number <br> Unemployed | Unemployment <br> Rate | Unemployment Rate |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Lee <br> County | 8,452 | 7,832 | 620 | 7.3 | 0 | 15 |
| Virginia | $4,183,950$ | $4,005,592$ | 178,358 | 4.3 | Lee County (7.3) |  |

Data Source: US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. 2017 December.

Average Annual Unemployment Rate, 2006-2016


## Economy

Lee County is a rural area with some local opportunity for employment. The coal industry was a large part of the economy in this area, its decline in recent years has put many residents out of work. As with AppCAA's other service areas Lee County faces large unemployment rates due to the lack of work within the county and lack of affordable transportation to neighboring areas for employment. The decline of farming, in particular tobacco farming, has also hurt the local economy.

## Employment Distribution by Industry

The table below shows the industries with the highest number of employees in Lee County, VA for the 3rd Quarter, 2017.

| Rank | Industry Sector | Number of <br> Establishments | Number of <br> Employees |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Total, All Industries | 554 | 4,328 |
| 2 | Educational Services | 2 | 718 |
| 3 | Retail Trade | 64 | 685 |
| 4 | Health Care and Social Assistance | 194 | 682 |
| 5 | Public Administration | 29 | 630 |
| 7 | Construction | 18 | 282 |
| 8 | Other Services (except Public Administration) | 82 | 111 |
| 9 | Transportation and Warehousing | 26 | 105 |
| 10 | Administrative and Support and Waste |  |  |
| Management | 14 | 307 |  |

Source: Virginia Employment Commission, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages

## Housing

Housing is an issue in the Lenowisco region due to the ages and conditions of the housing units. According to the Census Bureau's Community Survey, Lee County has 8,616 housing units with 1 unit detached. The housing stock includes $88.7 \%$ of homes that were built in 1999 or earlier. With older homes, this raises the need for housing counseling around rehabilitation, refinance, higher energy costs, and maintenance. With AppCAA's weatherization and housing rehab programs some older homes can be brought up to code and the houses can be made reliable, cost efficient, and safe for the families.

The U.S. Census Bureau's 2015 home ownership rate in Lee County is $73.1 \%$ with a rental rate of $26.9 \%$. Housing Virginia's Sourcebook defines a high cost burden as a household spending more than $30 \%$ of their income on housing, for which 2014 is the most recent year these numbers are available. For Lee County $25.5 \%$ of households suffer under high cost burden. The rate of households suffering high housing cost burden is more than double for renters at $41.3 \%$ than homeowners' at $17.7 \%$.

Homes that lack proper plumbing and sanitation facilities present an increased risk of illness for residents. In addition to the families who live in these homes, their neighbors, and community, suffer from increased exposure to potentially dangerous bacteria and pollutants. Complete plumbing facilities include: (a) hot and cold running water, (b) a flush toilet, and (c) a bathtub or shower, within the home.

| All Housing Units by Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Report <br> Area | Before <br> 1960 | $1960-$ $1980-$ <br> 1999  | $2000-$ <br> 2010 | After <br> 2010 | Total Housing <br> Units | Median Year <br> Structures Built |  |
| Lee <br> County | $31.9 \%$ | $27.44 \%$ | $29.53 \%$ | $9.81 \%$ | $1.31 \%$ | 11,718 | 1975 |
| Virginia | $21.46 \%$ | $27.09 \%$ | $32.83 \%$ | $15.85 \%$ | $2.78 \%$ | $3,445,357$ | 1981 |
| United <br> States | $28.85 \%$ | $26.46 \%$ | $27.69 \%$ | $14.7 \%$ | $2.31 \%$ | $134,054,899$ | 1977 |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

Households Lacking Complete Plumbing Facilities

| Report <br> Area | Total Occupied <br> Housing Units | Housing Units Lacking <br> Complete Plumbing Facilities | Housing Units Lacking Complete <br> Plumbing Facilities, Percent |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Lee <br> County | 9,282 | 152 | $1.64 \%$ |
| Virginia | $3,090,178$ | 9,734 | $0.31 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $117,716,237$ | 463,649 | $0.39 \%$ |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

## Education

Today one key factor in having what it takes to become a self sufficient family is education. Many employers are requiring higher education levels when hiring, this limits the job opportunities for those with low education levels of formal education. Education levels and the quality of the local school systems are key factors employers consider when deciding where to locate or expand facilities and jobs. Educational attainment is also the single biggest predictor of an individual's health.

Reading at grade level can also be an indicator of future well being and success. Fortunately, Lee County scores well above the national average.

| Educational Attainment 2012-2016 by Percentage of Population | Lee County | Virginia | United States |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Less than High school diploma | 24.6 | 11.4 | 13.0 |
| High school diploma or equivalency | 34.7 | 24.5 | 27.5 |
| Some college, no degree | 22.6 | 19.9 | 21.0 |
| Associate's degree | 6.6 | 7.4 | 8.2 |

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| Educational Attainment 2012-2016 by Percentage of Population | Lee County | Virginia | United States |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Bachelor's degree | 7.4 | 21.2 | 18.8 |
| Graduate or Professional degree | 4.2 | 15.7 | 11.5 |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

## Student Reading Proficiency (4th Grade)

This indicator reports the percentage of children in grade 4 whose reading skills tested below the "proficient" level for the English Language Arts portion of the state-specific standardized test. This indicator is relevant because an inability to read English well is linked to poverty, unemployment, and barriers to healthcare access, provider communications, and health literacy/education.


Data Source: US Department of Education, EDFacts. Accessed via DATA.GOV. 2014-15.

## Demographic Changes

The population in Lee County has declined by -7.7\% compared to Virginia's growth of 5.5\% from 2010 to 2017 according to the US Census Bureau. The people leaving Lee County are often individuals who are of age to enter college and/or the workforce. The decline in population is one reason Lee County has a greater percentage of those over 55 and 65 than state and national rates. Older populations have a greater need for medical and social services.

Total Population Annually 2010-2017

| April 1, 2010 |  |  | Population Estimate (as of July 1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Census | Estimate Base | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
| Lee County | 25,587 | 25,583 | 25,598 | 25,533 | 25,421 | 25,068 | 24,715 | 24,547 | 24,051 | 23,758 |

[^0]
# AppCAA Community Assessment 

## Total Population and Median Age by Gender

| Report Area | Male | Female | Percent Male | Percent Female | Male | Female |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Lee County | 13,083 | 11,828 | $52.52 \%$ | $47.48 \%$ | 40.4 | 46.6 |
| Virginia | $4,086,283$ | $4,224,018$ | $49.17 \%$ | $50.83 \%$ | 36.5 | 39.1 |
| United States | $156,765,322$ | $161,792,840$ | $49.21 \%$ | $50.79 \%$ | 36.3 | 39 |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.


Total Population by Age Groups, Percent

| Report Area | Age 0-4 | Age 5-17 | Age 18-24 | Age 25-34 | Age 35-44 | Age 45-54 | Age 55-64 | Age 65 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Lee County | $4.75 \%$ | $14.14 \%$ | $6.98 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $13.62 \%$ | $14.02 \%$ | $14.86 \%$ | $18.63 \%$ |
| Virginia | $6.14 \%$ | $16.31 \%$ | $9.91 \%$ | $13.89 \%$ | $13.18 \%$ | $14.24 \%$ | $12.55 \%$ | $13.78 \%$ |
| United States | $6.24 \%$ | $16.87 \%$ | $9.82 \%$ | $13.62 \%$ | $12.73 \%$ | $13.64 \%$ | $12.58 \%$ | $14.5 \%$ |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

## Health

Health issues have long been a major concern in Central Appalachia. Some of the most critical health issues for residents of Lee County are substance abuse, diabetes, smoking, obesity, and lack of medical providers in the county. The causes of poor health are exacerbated when a person lacks health insurance. Poor health makes it more difficult for someone to obtain and keep a job. Often those in poor health rely heavily on their family networks and have a significantly increased need for social services. The data, provided along with client and partner surveys, shows a clear need for increased access to health and dental services across all of AppCAA's service area.

Lee County has a much higher percentage of the population with a disability than state and national averages. The reasons for this are varied but include the dangerous nature of mining, logging, farming, and other locally common occupations.

Insurance - Uninsured Population

| Report |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Area | Total Population <br> (For Whom Insurance <br> Status is Determined) | Total Uninsured <br> Population | Percent Uninsured <br> Population | Percent Uninsured <br> Population |
| Lee <br> County | 23,396 | 3,714 | $15.87 \%$ |  |
| Virginia | $8,096,958$ | 864,477 | $10.68 \%$ | 0 |
| United <br> States | $313,576,137$ | $36,700,246$ | $11.7 \%$ | Lee County (15.87\%) |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.
Population with Any Disability

| Report | Total Population <br> (For Whom Disability <br> Status Is Determined) | Total Population <br> with a Disability | Percent Population <br> with a Disability | Percent Population with <br> a Disability |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Lee <br> County | 23,396 | 5,912 | $25.27 \%$ |  |
| Virginia | $8,096,958$ | 915,366 | $11.31 \%$ | 0 |
| United <br> States | $313,576,137$ | $39,272,529$ | $12.52 \%$ | Lee County (25.27\%) |
| Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. | Virginia (11.31\%) <br> United States |  |  |  |

## Substance Abuse

Substance abuse is another key health issue that residents of Lee County are facing. Substance abuse ranked lower with surveys that were completed by clients ranking 2.75 out of 4 , and ranked at a higher rate of 4.5 out of 5 with AppCAA's Board of Directors and community partners. Both quantitative and qualitative data prove that substance abuse is an issue in Lee County.

Opioid use, particularly prescription pills, has been especially high; however, local health departments are now seeing a gradual resurgence of methamphetamines as the drug of choice among addicts. Drug use is all too frequently a causal element in suicides within the region. Suicide and substance abuse are made more common by poor mental health.

Mortality - Suicide

| Report | Total <br> Area | Average <br> Annual | Crude <br> Death Rate <br> (Per <br> Depulation <br> 2010-2014 | Age-Adjusted <br> Death Rate <br> (Per 100,000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pop.) |  |  |  |  |



Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System. Accessed via CDC WONDER. 2012-16.

## Overdose Death Rate

According to the Appalachian Regional Commission, Lee County had a rate of 30.1 drug overdose deaths per 100,000 people in 2015 . This is significantly higher than the national average of 20.6 deaths per 100,000 people.

## County Health Ranking

The County Health Rankings, issued by the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, have become one of the most common metrics for evaluating the overall health of a region. Lee County ranks near the bottom of the state- as the $119^{\text {th }}$ least healthy out of 133 jurisdictions evaluated.

## Scott County

Scott County is a rural area in Southwest Virginia. Resting on the Tennessee state line, it has a population of 21,621 according to the American Community Survey in 2016. The county covers 536 square miles. Bordering the Tri-Cities metro area, Scott County residents have more opportunities for employment and other resources compared to the other counties that AppCAA serves. However, Scott County still shows difficult challenges when compared to the averages across the Commonwealth of Virginia.

Because it borders the Tri-Cities metro area, some agencies do not consider the county or portions of it to be rural. In practical terms, it is a rural county.

For 2018, the Appalachian Regional Commission considers the county's economic status to be At-Risk, the fourth lowest ranking out of five possibilities. Overall Scott County has the strongest economy of any AppCAA service area.

When compared to the other two counties that AppCAA serves Scott County has a smaller population than both Wise and Lee Counties. The population is almost entirely English speaking with the white population making up $98.1 \%$ of the population according to the US Census.

## Poverty

Scott County, along with the surrounding areas continues to have some of the highest poverty rates in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Poverty creates barriers to accessing health services, healthy food, and other necessities, thus contributing to poor health status. For 2016, the federal poverty level was $\$ 11,880$ for a one person household and $\$ 24,300$ for a four person household.

Poverty - Population Below 100\% FPL

| Report <br> Area | Total <br> Population | Population in <br> Poverty | Percent Population in <br> Poverty | Percent Population in <br> Poverty |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Scott <br> County | 21,621 | 4,355 | $20.14 \%$ |  |
| Virginia | $8,060,892$ | 921,664 | $11.43 \%$ |  |
| United <br> States | $310,629,645$ | $46,932,225$ | $15.11 \%$ | 0 |
| Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. | Scott County (20.14\%) |  |  |  |

# AppCAA Community Assessment 

Poverty - Children Below 100\% FPL

| Report | Total <br> Prea | Population <br> Under Age <br> 18 | Population <br> Under Age 18 <br> in Poverty | Percent <br> Population <br> Under Age 18 in <br> Poverty |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Scott <br> County | 21,621 | 4,126 | 1,184 | $28.7 \%$ |
| Virginia | $8,060,892$ | $1,838,212$ | 278,352 | $15.14 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $310,629,645$ | $72,456,096$ | $15,335,783$ | $21.17 \%$ |

Percent Population Under


Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

## Poverty - Population Below 200\% FPL

| Report <br> Area | Total <br> Population | Population with <br> Income at or Below <br> $200 \%$ FPL | Percent Population with <br> Income at or Below <br> $200 \% ~ F P L$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Scott <br> County | 21,621 | 8,955 | $41.42 \%$ |
| Virginia | $8,060,892$ | $2,142,217$ | $26.58 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $310,629,645$ | $104,390,198$ | $33.61 \%$ |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source geography: Tract

## Poverty - Children Below 200\% FPL

| Report | Total <br> Population <br> Area <br> Under Age <br> 18 | Population Under <br> Age 18 at or Below <br> $200 \%$ FPL | Percent Population <br> Under Age 18 at or <br> Below 200\% FPL |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Scott <br> County | 4,126 | 2,111 | $51.16 \%$ |
| Virginia | $1,838,212$ | 620,201 | $33.74 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $72,456,096$ | $31,364,270$ | $43.29 \%$ |

Percent Population Under Age 18 at or Below 200\% FPL


Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

Nutrition
Food insecurity, limited or uncertain access to adequate food, is an ongoing concern for many people in Scott County, particularly children and the elderly. Poor nutrition directly contributes to worse health and lower performance in school. It is directly tied to poverty and household income.

## Children Eligible for Free/Reduced Price Lunch

| Report <br> Area | Total <br> Students | Number <br> Free/Reduced Price <br> Lunch Eligible | Percent <br> Free/Reduced Price <br> Lunch Eligible |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Scott <br> County | 3,817 | 2,179 | $57.09 \%$ |
| Virginia | $1,283,548$ | 523,972 | $41.22 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $50,611,787$ | $25,893,504$ | $52.61 \%$ |

Percent Students Eligible for Free or Reduced Price Lunch


Data Source: National Center for Education Statistics, NCES Common Core of Data. 2015-16.

## Food Insecurity Rate

| Report <br> Area | Total <br> Population | Food Insecure <br> Population, Total | Food Insecurity <br> Rate |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Scott <br> County | 22,781 | 2,610 | $11.46 \%$ |
| Virginia | $8,326,289$ | 983,880 | $11.8 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $318,198,163$ | $47,448,890$ | $14.91 \%$ |

Percentage of Total Population with Food Insecurity


## Population Receiving SNAP Benefits (formerly called Food Stamps)

|  |  |  |  | Percent Households Receiving |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Report <br> Area | Total Households | Households <br> Receiving SNAP <br> Benefits | Percent Households <br> Receiving SNAP <br> Benefits | SNAP Benefits |
| Scott <br> County | 9,104 | 1,581 | 17.37\% | 0 $25 \%$ |
| Virginia | 3,090,178 | 291,537 | 9.43\% | Scott County (17.37\%) |
| United States | 117,716,237 | 15,360,951 | 13.05\% | Virginia (9.43\%) United States (13.05\%) |

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

## Individual Financial Position

According to the Urban Institute's recently published Debt in America: An Interactive Map, 33\% of Scott County households have debt in collections, with a median household debt in collections of \$1,655. Virginia has an average of $29 \%$ percent of households with debt in collections. The most common component of debt in collections is medical bills.

Having debt in collections dramatically lowers credit ratings. A lower credit rating limits access to financing, and when that financing is available, it often comes with predatory rates and fees. In addition, a poor credit rating can limit a family's ability to afford transportation, increase their housing cost (while preventing home ownership), and increase insurance rates. Credit rating is increasingly used by employers when making hiring decisions. AppCAA is expanding its financial counseling efforts in part to help families overcome this hurdle.

## Income - Median Family Income

This indicator reports median family income based on the latest 5-year American Community Survey estimates. A family household is any housing unit in which the householder is living with one or more individuals related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. Family income includes the incomes of all family members age 15 and older.

| Report <br> Area | Total Family <br> Households | Average Family <br> Income | Median Family <br> Income | Median Family Income |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Scott <br> County | 6,343 | $\$ 58,335$ | $\$ 47,360$ |  |
| Virginia | $2,067,943$ | $\$ 105,488$ | $\$ 80,068$ | 0 |
| United <br> States | $77,608,829$ | $\$ 90,960$ | $\$ 67,871$ | Scott County (47,360) |
| Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. | Virginia (80,068) |  |  |  |

## Unemployment

Scott County has long had a higher unemployment rate than the state as a whole, for the last several years it has also been worse than the national rate. The unemployment rate measures those out of work for less than 180 days and currently looking for work, it does not measure underemployment.

## AppCAA Community Assessment

Unemployment Rate as of December 2017

| Report <br> Area | Labor Force | Number <br> Employed | Number <br> Unemployed | Unemployment <br> Rate |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Scott <br> County | 9,368 | 8,867 | 501 | 5.3 |
| Virginia | $4,183,950$ | $4,005,592$ | 178,358 | 4.3 |
| United <br> States | $158,230,700$ | $149,808,710$ | $8,421,990$ | 5.3 |

Data Source: US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. 2017December.

Average Monthly Unemployment Rate, November 2016 - November 2017


## Economy

Scott County is a rural area with some local opportunity for employment; however, a vast majority of workers travel to nearby counties and states for employment. As can be seen in the chart below there is a lack of local businesses and job opportunities, resulting in residents traveling to neighboring areas for employment opportunities. Scott County benefits from employment opportunities in the Tri-Cities metro area and the growth of industries along the I-81 corridor in Washington County, VA. One bright spot is recently attracted call centers, that pay above the industry average.

## Employment Distribution by Industry

The table below shows the industries with the highest number of employees in Scott County, VA for the 3rd Quarter, 2017.

| Rank | Industry Sector | Number of <br> Establishments | Number of <br> Employees |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Total, All Industries | 419 | 4,600 |
| 2 | Health Care and Social Assistance | 112 | 802 |
| 3 | Manufacturing | 9 | 740 |
| 4 | Educational Services | 3 | 672 |
| 5 | Retail Trade | 75 | 636 |
| 6 | Accommodation and Food Services | 23 | 437 |
| 7 | Public Administration | 5338 |  |
| 8 | Other Services (except Public Administration) | 43 | 155 |
| 9 | Administrative and Support and Waste | Management | 18 |
| 10 | Transportation and Warehousing | 144 |  |

Source: Virginia Employment Commission, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages

## Housing

Housing is an issue in the Lenowisco area due to the ages and conditions of the housing units. According to the 2011-2015 American Community Survey in 2015, Scott County had 8,157 housing units with 1 unit detached. $89.2 \%$ of homes in Scott County were built in 1999 or earlier. With older homes, this raises the need for housing counseling around rehabilitation, refinance, high energy use, and maintenance. With AppCAA's weatherization and housing rehab programs some older homes can be brought up to code and the houses can be made reliable, cost efficient, and safe for the families.

The Census Bureau's 2015 home ownership rate in Scott County is 77.7\% with a rental rate of 22.3\%. Housing Virginia's Sourcebook defines a high cost burden as a household spending more than $30 \%$ of their income on housing, for which 2014 is the most recent year these numbers are available. For Scott County $20.3 \%$ of households suffer under high cost burden. The rate of households suffering high housing cost burden is nearly double for renters at $36.4 \%$ than homeowners' at 18.5\%.

Homes that lack proper plumbing and sanitation facilities present an increased risk of illness for residents. In addition to the families who live in these homes, their neighbors, and community, suffer from increased exposure to potentially dangerous bacteria and pollutants. Complete plumbing facilities include: (a) hot and cold running water, (b) a flush toilet, and (c) a bathtub or shower, within the home.

## AppCAA Community Assessment

| All Housing Units by Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Report <br> Area | Before <br> 1960 | $1960-$ $1980-$ <br> 1999  | $2000-$ <br> 2010 | After <br> 2010 | Total Housing <br> Units | Median Year <br> Structures Built |  |
| Scott <br> County | $30.28 \%$ | $26.51 \%$ | $31.46 \%$ | $9.79 \%$ | $1.95 \%$ | 11,874 | 1976 |
| Virginia | $21.46 \%$ | $27.09 \%$ | $32.83 \%$ | $15.85 \%$ | $2.78 \%$ | $3,445,357$ | 1981 |
| United <br> States | $28.85 \%$ | $26.46 \%$ | $27.69 \%$ | $14.7 \%$ | $2.31 \%$ | $134,054,899$ | 1977 |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.
Households Lacking Complete Plumbing Facilities

| Report <br> Area | Total Occupied <br> Housing Units | Housing Units Lacking <br> Complete Plumbing Facilities | Housing Units Lacking Complete <br> Plumbing Facilities, Percent |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Scott <br> County | 9,104 | 98 | $1.08 \%$ |
| Virginia | $3,090,178$ | 9,734 | $0.31 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $117,716,237$ | 463,649 | $0.39 \%$ |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

## Education

Today one key factor in having what it takes to become a self sufficient family is education. Many employers are requiring higher education levels when hiring, this limits the job opportunities for those with low education levels of formal education. Education levels and the quality of the local school systems are key factors employers consider when deciding where to locate or expand facilities and jobs. Educational attainment is also the single biggest predictor of an individual's health.

Reading at grade level can also be an indicator of future well being and success. Fortunately, Scott County scores well above the national average.

| Educational Attainment 2012-2016 by Percentage of Population | Scott County | Virginia | United States |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Less than High school diploma | 20.7 | 11.4 | 13.0 |
| High school diploma or equivalency | 38.1 | 24.5 | 27.5 |
| Some college, no degree | 21.6 | 19.9 | 21.0 |
| Associate's degree | 7.0 | 7.4 | 8.2 |

AppCAA Community Assessment
2018

| Educational Attainment 2012-2016 by Percentage of Population | Scott County | Virginia | United States |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Bachelor's degree | 8.7 | 21.2 | 18.8 |
| Graduate or Professional degree | 3.8 | 15.7 | 11.5 |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

## Student Reading Proficiency (4th Grade)

This indicator reports the percentage of children in grade 4 whose reading skills tested below the "proficient" level for the English Language Arts portion of the state-specific standardized test. This indicator is relevant because an inability to read English well is linked to poverty, unemployment, and barriers to healthcare access, provider communications, and health literacy/education.

|  |  |  |  | Percentage of Students Scoring <br> 'Not Proficient' or Worse |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Report <br> Area | Total Students with Valid Test Scores | Percentage of Students Scoring 'Proficient' or Better | Percentage of Students Scoring 'Not Proficient' or Worse |  |
| Scott County | 267 | 77\% | 23\% | 0 80\% |
| Virginia | 94,310 | 77.03\% | 22.97\% | Virginia (22.97\%) |
| United <br> States | 3,393,582 | 49.67\% | 45.61\% | United States (45.61\%) |

Data Source: US Department of Education, EDFacts. Accessed via DATA.GOV. 2014-15.

## Demographic Changes

The population in Scott County has declined by -5.5\% compared to Virginia's growth of 5.5\% from 2010 to 2017. The people leaving Scott County are often individuals who are of age to enter college and/or the workforce. The decline in population is one reason Scott County has a greater percentage of those over 55 and 65 than state and national rates. Older populations have a greater need for medical and social services.

## Total Population Annually 2010-2017

|  | April 1, 2010 |  | Population Estimate (as of July 1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Census | Estimates <br> Base | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
| Scott County, <br> Virginia | 23,177 | 23,174 | 23,134 | 23,061 | 22,959 | 22,774 | 22,529 | 22,256 | 22,028 | 21,865 |

## AppCAA Community Assessment

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.
Total Population and Median Age by Gender

| Report Area | Male | Female | Percent Male | Percent Female | Male | Female |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Scott County | 11,259 | 11,119 | $50.31 \%$ | $49.69 \%$ | 44.5 | 47.5 |
| Virginia | $4,086,283$ | $4,224,018$ | $49.17 \%$ | $50.83 \%$ | 36.5 | 39.1 |
| United States | $156,765,322$ | $161,792,840$ | $49.21 \%$ | $50.79 \%$ | 36.3 | 39 |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.


Total Population by Age Groups, Percent

| Report Area | Age 0-4 | Age 5-17 | Age $18-24$ | Age $25-34$ | Age $35-44$ | Age $45-54$ | Age 55-64 | Age 65 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Scott County | $4.42 \%$ | $14.41 \%$ | $7.39 \%$ | $10.67 \%$ | $12.23 \%$ | $14.42 \%$ | $15.14 \%$ | $21.34 \%$ |
| Virginia | $6.14 \%$ | $16.31 \%$ | $9.91 \%$ | $13.89 \%$ | $13.18 \%$ | $14.24 \%$ | $12.55 \%$ | $13.78 \%$ |
| United States | $6.24 \%$ | $16.87 \%$ | $9.82 \%$ | $13.62 \%$ | $12.73 \%$ | $13.64 \%$ | $12.58 \%$ | $14.5 \%$ |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

## Health

Health issues have long been a major concern in Central Appalachia. Some of the most critical health issues for residents of Scott County are substance abuse, diabetes, smoking, obesity, and lack of medical providers in the county. The causes of poor health are exacerbated when a person lacks health insurance. Poor health makes it more difficult for someone to obtain and keep a job. Often those in poor health rely heavily on their family networks and have a significantly increased need for social services.

The data, provided along with client and partner surveys, shows a clear need for increased access to health and dental services across all of AppCAA's service area.

Scott County has a much higher percentage of the population with a disability than state and national averages. The reasons for this are varied but include the dangerous nature of mining, logging, farming, and other locally common occupations.

Insurance - Uninsured Population

| Report |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Area | Total Population <br> (For Whom Insurance <br> Status is Determined) | Total Uninsured <br> Population | Percent <br> Uninsured <br> Population |
| Scott <br> County | 21,697 | 2,493 | $11.49 \%$ |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.
Source geography: Tract
Population with Any Disability

| Report <br> Area | Total Population <br> (For Whom Disability <br> Status Is Determined) | Total Population <br> with a Disability | Percent Population <br> with a Disability |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Scott <br> County | 21,697 | 4,982 | $22.96 \%$ |
| Virginia | $8,096,958$ | 915,366 | $11.31 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $313,576,137$ | $39,272,529$ | $12.52 \%$ |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

Percent Population with a Disability


## Substance Abuse

Substance abuse is another key health issue that residents of Scott County are facing. Substance abuse ranked lower with surveys that were completed by clients ranking 2.75 out of 4 , and ranked at a higher rate of 4.5 out of 5 with AppCAA's Board of Directors and community partners. Both quantitative and qualitative data prove that substance abuse is an issue in the area of Scott County.

Opioid use, particularly prescription pills, has been especially high; however, local health departments are now seeing a gradual resurgence of methamphetamines as the drug of choice among addicts. Drug
use is all too frequently a causal element in suicides within the region. Suicide and substance abuse are made more common by poor mental health.

## Mortality - Suicide

$\left.$| Report | Total <br> Population <br> Area | Average <br> Annual <br> Deaths, <br> $2010-2014$ | Crude <br> Death Rate <br> (Per <br> 100,000 <br> Pop.) | Age-Adjusted <br> Death Rate <br> (Per 100,000 <br> Pop.) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | | Death Rate |
| :--- |
| (Per 100,000 Pop.) | \right\rvert\, | D |
| :--- |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System. Accessed via CDC WONDER. 2012-16.

## Overdose Death Rate

According to the Appalachian Regional Commission, Scott County had a rate of 23.7 drug overdose deaths per 100,000 people in 2015 . This is notably higher than the national average of 20.6 deaths per 100,000 people.

## County Health Ranking

The County Health Rankings, issued by the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, have become one of the most common metrics for evaluating the overall health of a region. Scott County ranks near the bottom of the state- as the $92^{\text {nd }}$ least healthy out of 133 jurisdictions evaluated in Virginia.

## Wise County

Wise County is the southwestern part of the Commonwealth, bordering Kentucky to its north and west. Wise County has a population of 39,034 according to the American Community Survey in 2016. When compared to the other counties in AppCAA's service area Wise County is the largest in terms of population, it is the smallest county by size. The county covers 436 square miles. Wise County is considered rural by every major agency, and in practical terms, is very rural. The population is almost entirely English speaking with the white population making up $92.6 \%$ of the population and a population of $5.3 \%$ black residents according to the US Census.

For 2018, the Appalachian Regional Commission considers the county's economic status to be Distressed, the lowest ranking out of five possibilities.

Wise County surrounds the City of Norton. Some statistical areas for Wise County include Norton, when known this is noted. There are two colleges in Wise County- University of Virginia's College at Wise, located in the town of Wise, and Mountain Empire Community College in Big Stone Gap.

## Poverty

Wise County continues to have some of the highest poverty rates in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Poverty creates barriers to accessing health services, healthy food, and other necessities, thus contributing to poor health status. For 2016, the federal poverty level (FPL) was $\$ 11,880$ for a one person household and $\$ 24,300$ for a four person household.

Poverty - Population Below 100\% FPL

| Report Area | Total <br> Population | Population in <br> Poverty | Percent Population in <br> Poverty |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Wise <br> County, VA | 37,171 | 7,865 | $21.16 \%$ |
| Virginia | $8,060,892$ | 921,664 | $11.43 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $310,629,645$ | $46,932,225$ | $15.11 \%$ |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

Percent Population in Poverty


## Poverty - Children Below 100\% FPL

| Report <br> Area | Total <br> Population | Population <br> Under Age 18 | Population <br> Under Age 18 in Poverty | Percent <br> Population <br> Under Age 18 in Poverty |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wise County, VA | 37,171 | 7,884 | 2,195 | 27.84\% |
| Virginia | 8,060,892 | 1,838,212 | 278,352 | 15.14\% |
| United States | $\begin{aligned} & 310,629,6 \\ & 45 \end{aligned}$ | 72,456,096 | 15,335,783 | 21.17\% |

Percent Population Under Age 18 in Poverty


Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source geography: Tract

## Poverty - Population Below 200\% FPL

| Report <br> Area | Total <br> Population | Population with <br> Income at or Below <br> $200 \% ~ F P L$ | Percent Population <br> with Income at or <br> Below 200\% FPL | Percent Population with <br> Income at or Below 200\% FPL |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Wise <br> County, VA | 37,171 | 16,297 | $43.84 \%$ |  |
| Virginia | $8,060,892$ | $2,142,217$ | $26.58 \%$ | 0 |
| United <br> States | $310,629,64$ <br> 5 | $104,390,198$ | $33.61 \%$ | Wise County, VA (43.84\%) |

Poverty - Children Below 200\% FPL

|  | Total <br> Population <br> Under Age <br> 18 | Population Under <br> Age 18 at or <br> Below 200\% FPL | Percent Population <br> Under Age 18 at or <br> Below 200\% FPL | Percent Population Under <br> Age 18 at or Below 200\% FPL |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Wise <br> County, VA | 7,884 | 3,890 | $49.34 \%$ |  |
| Virginia | $1,838,212$ | 620,201 | $33.74 \%$ | 0 |
| United <br> States | $72,456,096$ | $31,364,270$ | $43.29 \%$ | Wise County, VA (49.34\%) |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

Nutrition
Food insecurity, limited or uncertain access to adequate food, is an ongoing concern for many people in Wise County, particularly children and the elderly. Poor nutrition directly contributes to worse health and lower performance in school. It is directly tied to poverty and household income.

| Children Eligible for Free/Reduced Price Lunch |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Report <br> Area  Total <br> Students | Number <br> Free/Reduced Price <br> Lunch Eligible | Percent <br> Free/Reduced Price <br> Lunch Eligible |  |
| Wise <br> County, VA | 6,024 | 3,333 | $55.33 \%$ |
| Virginia | $1,283,548$ | 523,972 | $41.22 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $50,611,787$ | $25,893,504$ | $52.61 \%$ |

Percent Students Eligible for Free or Reduced Price Lunch


Data Source: National Center for Education Statistics, NCES -
Common Core of Data. 2015-16.

## Food Insecurity Rate

| Report <br> Area | Total <br> Population | Food Insecure <br> Population, Total | Food Insecurity <br> Rate |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Wise <br> County, VA | 40,872 | 6,330 | $15.49 \%$ |
| Virginia | $8,326,289$ | 983,880 | $11.8 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $318,198,163$ | $47,448,890$ | $14.91 \%$ |

Percentage of Total Population with Food Insecurity


Population Receiving SNAP Benefits (formerly called Food Stamps

| Report <br> Area | Total <br> Households | Households Receiving <br> SNAP Benefits | Percent Households <br> Receiving SNAP Benefits | SNAP Benefits |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Wise <br> County, VA | 15,225 | 3,046 | $20.01 \%$ |  |
| Virginia | $3,090,178$ | 291,537 | $9.43 \%$ | 0 |
| United <br> States | $117,716,237$ | $15,360,951$ | $13.05 \%$ | Wise County, VA (20.01\%) |

## Individual Financial Position

According to the Urban Institute's recently published Debt in America: An Interactive Map, 53\% of Wise County households have debt in collections, with a median household debt in collections of $\$ 1,368$. Virginia has an average of $29 \%$ percent of households with debt in collections. The most common component of debt in collections is medical bills.

Having debt in collections dramatically lowers credit ratings. A lower credit rating limits access to financing, and when that financing is available, it often comes with predatory rates and fees. In addition, a poor credit rating can limit a family's ability to afford transportation, increase their housing cost (while preventing home ownership), and increase insurance rates. Credit rating is increasingly used by employers when making hiring decisions. AppCAA is expanding its financial counseling efforts in part to help families overcome this hurdle.

## Income - Median Family Income

This indicator reports median family income based on the latest 5-year American Community Survey estimates. A family household is any housing unit in which the householder is living with one or more individuals related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. Family income includes the incomes of all family members age 15 and older.

|  |  |  |  | Median Family Income |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Report Area | Total Family Households | Average Family Income | Median Family Income |  |
| Wise County, VA | 10,265 | \$60,798 | \$45,866 | 0 <br> 90000 |
| Virginia | 2,067,943 | \$105,488 | \$80,068 | Wise County, VA |
| United <br> States | 77,608,829 | \$90,960 | \$67,871 | $\begin{aligned} & (45,866) \\ & \quad \text { Virginia }(80,068) \\ & \quad \text { United States }(67,871) \end{aligned}$ |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.


Source geography: Tract

## Unemployment

Wise County has long had a higher unemployment rate than the state and nation. The decline of the coal mining industry has significantly impacted Wise County. The unemployment rate measures those out of work for less than 180 days and currently looking for work, it does not measure underemployment.

Unemployment Rate as of December 2017

| Report <br> Area | Labor Force | Number <br> Employed | Number <br> Unemployed | Unemployment <br> Rate | Unemployment Rate |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Wise <br> County, VA | 13,099 | 11,882 | 1,217 | 9.3 | 0 |
| Virginia | $4,183,950$ | $4,005,592$ | 178,358 | 4.3 |  |
| United <br> States | $158,230,700$ | $149,808,710$ | $8,421,990$ | 5.3 | Wise County, VA (9.3) |

Data Source: US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. 2017 - December.
Source geography: County

Average Monthly Unemployment Rate, November 2016 - November 2017


## Economy

Wise County is the most unique of AppCAA's services area due in large part to the four year college located in the City of Wise. The area of Wise County is still feeling the effects of the coal industry slowing down in recent years. Local businesses are not plentiful in the rural area of Wise even with places like the college nearby. Just as in AppCAA's other territories, transportation remains an issue with the economy, with residents not being able to drive to work, and the lack of public transportation. As can be seen in the chart below there is a lack of local business and job opportunities which leads to issues like high unemployment rates and poverty rates.

## Employment Distribution by Industry

The table below shows the industries with the highest number of employees in Wise County, VA for the 3rd Quarter, 2017.

| Rank | Industry Sector | Number of Establishments | Number of Employees |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Total, All Industries | 923 | 11,146 |
| 2 | Retail Trade | 152 | 1,831 |
| 3 | Health Care and Social Assistance | 231 | 1,704 |
| 4 | Public Administration | 40 | 1,688 |
| 5 | Educational Services | 10 | 1,279 |
| 6 | Administrative and Support and Waste Management | 31 | 944 |
| 7 | Accommodation and Food Services | 50 | 876 |
| 8 | Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services | 60 | 407 |
| 9 | Construction | 56 | 365 |
| 10 | Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction | 25 | 343 |

Source: Virginia Employment Commission, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages

## Housing

Housing is an issue in the Lenowisco area due to the ages and conditions of the housing units. According to the Community Survey, Wise County has 17,815 housing units with 1 unit detached. The housing stock includes $88.7 \%$ of homes that were built in 1999 or earlier. With older homes, this raises the need for housing counseling around rehabilitation, refinance, high energy use, and maintenance.

The U.S. Census Bureau's 2015 home ownership rate in Wise County is $69.7 \%$ with a rental rate of $30.3 \%$. Housing Virginia's Sourcebook defines a high cost burden as a household spending more than $30 \%$ of their income on housing, for which 2014 is the most recent year these numbers are available. For Wise County $23.9 \%$ of households suffer under high cost burden. The rate of rental households suffering high housing cost burden is more than double for renters at $40.1 \%$ than homeowners' at $15.3 \%$.

Homes that lack proper plumbing and sanitation facilities present an increased risk of illness for residents. In addition to the families who live in these homes, their neighbors, and community, suffer from increased exposure to potentially dangerous bacteria and pollutants. Complete plumbing facilities include: (a) hot and cold running water, (b) a flush toilet, and (c) a bathtub or shower, within the home.

## AppCAA Community Assessment

| All Housing Units by Age |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

## Education

Today one key factor in having what it takes to become a self sufficient family is education. Many employers are requiring higher education levels when hiring, this limits the job opportunities for those with low education levels of formal education. Education levels and the quality of the local school systems are key factors employers consider when deciding where to locate or expand facilities and jobs. Educational attainment is also the single biggest predictor of an individual's health.

Reading at grade level can also be an indicator of future well being and success. Fortunately, Wise County scores well above the national average.

| Educational Attainment 2012-2016 by Percentage of Population | Wise County | Virginia | United States |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Less than High school diploma | 24.8 | 11.4 | 13.0 |
| High school diploma or equivalency | 32.7 | 24.5 | 27.5 |

# AppCAA Community Assessment 

| Educational Attainment 2012-2016 by Percentage of Population | Wise County | Virginia | United States |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Some college, no degree | 21.2 | 19.9 | 21.0 |
| Associate's degree | 6.8 | 7.4 | 8.2 |
| Bachelor's degree | 8.9 | 21.2 | 18.8 |
| Graduate or Professional degree | 5.5 | 15.7 | 11.5 |

Source: Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

## Student Reading Proficiency (4th Grade)

This indicator reports the percentage of children in grade 4 whose reading skills tested below the "proficient" level for the English Language Arts portion of the state-specific standardized test. This indicator is relevant because an inability to read English well is linked to poverty, unemployment, and barriers to healthcare access, provider communications, and health literacy/education.

| Report |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Area | | Total Students |
| :--- |
| with Valid Test |
| Scores | | Percentage of |
| :--- |
| Students Scoring |
| 'Proficient' or |
| Better |$\quad$| Percentage of |
| :--- |
| Students Scoring |
| 'Not Proficient' or |
| Worse |$\quad$| Percentage of Students Scoring |
| :--- |
| 'Not Proficient' or Worse |

Data Source: US Department of Education, EDFacts. Accessed via DATA.GOV. 2014-15.

## Demographic Changes

The population in Wise County has declined by -5.5\% compared to Virginia's growth of 5.5\% from 2010 to 2017. The people leaving Wise County are often individuals who are of age to enter college and/or the workforce. The decline in population is one reason Wise County has a greater percentage of those over 55 and 65 than state and national rates. Older populations have a greater need for medical and social services.

## AppCAA Community Assessment

Total Population Annually 2010-2017

|  | April 1, 2010 |  | Population Estimate (as of July 1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Census | Estimates Base | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
| Wise County, Virginia | 41,452 | 41,428 | 41,561 | 41,439 | 40,899 | 40,653 | 39,884 | 39,540 | 39,034 | 38,586 |

Source: Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.
Total Population and Median Age by Gender

| Report Area | Male | Female | Percent Male | Percent Female | Male | Female |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Wise County, VA | 20,706 | 19,368 | $51.67 \%$ | $48.33 \%$ | 39 | 41.1 |
| Virginia | $4,086,283$ | $4,224,018$ | $49.17 \%$ | $50.83 \%$ | 36.5 | 39.1 |
| United States | $156,765,322$ | $161,792,840$ | $49.21 \%$ | $50.79 \%$ | 36.3 | 39 |

Source: Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

## Total Population by Age Groups, Total

Wise County. VA


## AppCAA Community Assessment

## Total Population by Age Groups, Percent

| Report Area | Age 0-4 | Age 5-17 | Age 18-24 | Age 25-34 | Age 35-44 | Age 45-54 | Age 55-64 | Age 65 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Wise County, VA | $5.45 \%$ | $14.77 \%$ | $9.99 \%$ | $13.48 \%$ | $12.81 \%$ | $13.62 \%$ | $14.11 \%$ | $15.77 \%$ |
| Virginia | $6.14 \%$ | $16.31 \%$ | $9.91 \%$ | $13.89 \%$ | $13.18 \%$ | $14.24 \%$ | $12.55 \%$ | $13.78 \%$ |
| United States | $6.24 \%$ | $16.87 \%$ | $9.82 \%$ | $13.62 \%$ | $12.73 \%$ | $13.64 \%$ | $12.58 \%$ | $14.5 \%$ |

Source: Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

## Health

Health issues have long been a major concern in Central Appalachia. Some of the most critical health issues for residents of Wise County are substance abuse, diabetes, smoking, obesity, and lack of medical providers in the county. The causes of poor health are exacerbated when a person lacks health insurance. Poor health makes it more difficult for someone to obtain and keep a job. Often those in poor health rely heavily on their family networks and have a significantly increased need for social services. The data provided along with client and partner surveys shows a clear need for increased access to health and dental services across all of AppCAA's service area.

Wise County has a much higher percentage of the population with a disability than state and national averages. The reasons for this are varied but include the dangerous nature of mining, logging, farming, and other locally common occupations.

Insurance - Uninsured Population

| Report <br> Area | Total <br> Population <br> Age 18-64 | Population with Medical Insurance | Percent <br> Population <br> With <br> Medical <br> Insurance | Population Without Medical Insurance | Percent <br> Population <br> Without <br> Medical <br> Insurance | 18-64 Without Medical Insurance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wise County, VA | 22,913 | 19,646 | 85.74\% | 3,267 | 14.26\% | Wise County, VA |
| Virginia | 5,132,774 | 4,497,120 | 87.62\% | 635,654 | 12.38\% | Virginia (12.38\%) |
| United States | 194,584,952 | 168,884,012 | 86.79\% | 25,700,940 | 13.21\% | United States (13.21\%) |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates. 2015.

## Population with Any Disability

|  |  |  | Percent Population with a <br> Disability |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Report <br> Area | Total Population <br> (For Whom Disability <br> Status Is <br> Determined) | Total Population <br> with a Disability | Percent <br> Population with a <br> Disability |
| Wise <br> County, <br> VA | 37,969 | 9,454 | $24.9 \%$ |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16

## Substance Abuse

Substance abuse is another key health issue that residents of Wise County are facing. Substance abuse ranked lower with surveys that were completed by clients ranking 2.75 out of 4 , and ranked at a higher rate of 4.5 out of 5 with AppCAA's Board of Directors and community partners. Both quantitative and qualitative data prove that substance abuse is an issue in the area of Wise County.

Opioid use, particularly prescription pills, has been especially high; however, local health departments are now seeing a gradual resurgence of methamphetamines as the drug of choice among addicts. Drug use is all too frequently a causal element in suicides within the region. Suicide and substance abuse are made more common by poor mental health.

Mortality - Suicide

|  |  |  |  |  | Suicide, Age-Adjusted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Report <br> Area | Total Population | Average <br> Annual <br> Deaths, <br> 2010-2014 | Crude <br> Death Rate <br> (Per <br> 100,000 <br> Pop.) | Age-Adjusted <br> Death Rate <br> (Per 100,000 <br> Pop.) | Death Rate <br> (Per 100,000 Pop.) |
| Wise County, VA | 40,078 | 7 | 16.5 | 15.4 | 0  <br> $\square$  <br>   <br> Wise County, VA (15.4)  |
| Virginia | 731,669 | 29 | 3.99 | 4.27 | United States (13) |
| United States | 318,689,254 | 42,747 | 13.4 | 13 |  |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System. Accessed via CDC WONDER. 2012-16.

## AppCAA Community Assessment

## Overdose Death Rate

According to the Appalachian Regional Commission, Wise County had a rate of 48.1 drug overdose deaths per 100,000 people in 2015. This is more than double the national average of 20.6 deaths per 100,000 people.

## County Health Ranking

The County Health Rankings, issued by the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, have become one of the most common metrics for evaluating the overall health of a region. Wise County ranks near the bottom of the state- as the $124^{\text {th }}$ least healthy out of 133 jurisdictions evaluated in Virginia.

## City of Norton

The City of Norton is located in the heart of Wise County. According to the Census Bureau's American Community Survey in 2016, the City of Norton has a population of 3,921 . Norton is the most racially diverse of the jurisdictions AppCAA serves, with the white population making up $87.2 \%$ of the population and a population of $6 \%$ black residents. The population is almost entirely English speaking.

As an independent city, Norton is legally distinct from and not considered part of Wise County. In some cases, the two have combined services at the state level, such as state courts and health department, but for the most part Norton residents are offered services through Norton City, rather than Wise County labeled agencies/offices. Norton has its own school system, department of social services and other programs.

Norton is 7 square miles. Despite being a City, Norton is considered rural by every major agency. Wise County surrounds the 7 square mile City of Norton. Some statistical areas for Wise County include Norton, when known this is noted.

For 2018, the Appalachian Regional Commission considers the Norton and Wise County's economic status to be Distressed, the lowest ranking out of five possibilities.

## Poverty

Norton continues to have some of the highest poverty rates in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Poverty creates barriers to accessing health services, healthy food, and other necessities contributing to poor health status. For 2016, the federal poverty level (FPL) was $\$ 11,880$ for a one person household and $\$ 24,300$ for a four person household.

Poverty - Population Below 100\% FPL

|  |  |  |  | Percent Population in Poverty |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Report <br> Area | Total Population | Population in Poverty | Percent Population in Poverty |  |
| Norton | 3,921 | 1,040 | 26.52\% |  |
| Virginia | 8,060,892 | 921,664 | 11.43\% |  |
| United States | 310,629,645 | 46,932,225 | 15.11\% | Norton (26.52\%) |
| Data Sou Source ge | US Census aphy: Tract | , American | unity Survey. 2012-16. | Virginia (11.43\%) <br> United States (15.11\%) |

# AppCAA Community Assessment 

Poverty - Children Below 100\% FPL
\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline \text { Report } \\
\text { Area }\end{array}
$$ $$
\begin{array}{l}\text { Total } \\
\text { Population }\end{array}
$$ $$
\begin{array}{l}\text { Population } \\
\text { Under Age } \\
18\end{array}
$$ \quad \begin{array}{l}Population <br>
Under Age 18 <br>

in Poverty\end{array}\right) \left.\)| Percent |
| :--- | | Population |
| :--- |
| Under Age 18 in |
| Poverty | \right\rvert\,

Percent Population Under Age 18 in Poverty


Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.
Source geography: Tract

## Poverty - Population Below 200\% FPL

| Report <br> Area | Total <br> Population | Population with <br> Income at or Below <br> $200 \%$ FPL | Percent Population with <br> Income at or Below <br> $200 \% ~ F P L$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Norton | 3,921 | 1,814 | $46.26 \%$ |
| Virginia | $8,060,892$ | $2,142,217$ | $26.58 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $310,629,645$ | $104,390,198$ | $33.61 \%$ |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source geography: Tract

## Poverty - Children Below 200\% FPL

| Report | Total <br> Population <br> Ander Age <br> 18 | Population Under <br> Age 18 at or Below <br> $200 \%$ FPL | Percent Population <br> Under Age 18 at or <br> Below 200\% FPL |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Norton | 808 | 353 | $43.69 \%$ |
| Virginia | $1,838,212$ | 620,201 | $33.74 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $72,456,096$ | $31,364,270$ | $43.29 \%$ |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source geography: Tract

Percent Population Under Age 18 at or Below 200\% FPL


Nutrition
Food insecurity, limited or uncertain access to adequate food, is an ongoing concern for many people in Norton, particularly children and the elderly. Poor nutrition directly contributes to worse health and lower performance in school. It is directly tied to poverty and household income.

## Children Eligible for Free/Reduced Price Lunch

| Report <br> Area | Total <br> Students | Number <br> Free/Reduced Price <br> Lunch Eligible | Percent Free/Reduced <br> Price Lunch Eligible |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Norton | 835 | 559 | $66.95 \%$ |
| Virginia | $1,283,548$ | 523,972 | $41.22 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $50,611,787$ | $25,893,504$ | $52.61 \%$ |

Data Source: National Center for Education Statistics, NCES - Common Core of Data. 2015-16. Source geography: Address

## Food Insecurity Rate

| Report <br> Area | Total <br> Population | Food Insecure <br> Population, Total | Food Insecurity <br> Rate |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Norton | 4,015 | 610 | $15.19 \%$ |
| Virginia | $8,326,289$ | 983,880 | $11.8 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $318,198,163$ | $47,448,890$ | $14.91 \%$ |

Data Source: Feeding America. 2014. Source geography: County

## Population Receiving SNAP Benefits (formerly called Food Stamps)

| Report <br> Area | Total <br> Households | Households <br> Receiving SNAP <br> Benefits | Percent Households <br> Receiving SNAP Benefits |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Norton | 1,858 | 528 | $28.42 \%$ |
| Virginia | $3,090,178$ | 291,537 | $9.43 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $117,716,237$ | $15,360,951$ | $13.05 \%$ |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

Percent Students Eligible for Free or Reduced Price Lunch


Percentage of Total Population with Food Insecurity


Norton (15.19)
Virginia (11.8)
United States (14.91)

Percent Households Receiving SNAP Benefits


## Individual Financial Position

According to the Urban Institute's recently published Debt in America: An Interactive Map, 58\% of Norton households have debt in collections. The median household debt in collections is not listed but it is likely similar to Wise County's $\$ 1,368$. The state has an average of $29 \%$ percent of households with debt in collections.

Having debt in collections dramatically lowers credit ratings. A lower credit rating limits access to financing, and when that financing is available, it often comes with predatory rates and fees. In addition, a poor credit rating can limit a family's ability to afford transportation, increase their housing cost (while preventing home ownership), and increase insurance rates. Credit rating is increasingly used by employers when making hiring decisions. AppCAA is expanding its financial counseling efforts in part to help families overcome this hurdle.

## Income - Median Family Income

This indicator reports median family income based on the latest 5-year American Community Survey estimates. A family household is any housing unit in which the householder is living with one or more individuals related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. Family income includes the incomes of all family members age 15 and older.

|  |  |  |  | Median Family Income |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Report <br> Area | Total Family Households | Average Family Income | Median Family Income |  |
| Norton | 940 | \$55,522 | \$43,500 |  |
| Virginia | 2,067,943 | \$105,488 | \$80,068 | 0 90000 |
| United States | 77,608,829 | \$90,960 | \$67,871 | Norton $(43,500)$ <br> Virginia $(80,068)$ |
| Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { United States } \\ & (67,871) \end{aligned}$ |

## Unemployment

Unemployment in Norton continues to be high compared to the Commonwealth of Virginia. Wise County has long had a higher unemployment rate than the state and nation. The decline of the coal mining industry has significantly impacted Wise County. The unemployment rate measures those out of work for less than 180 days and currently looking for work, it does not measure underemployment.

## AppCAA Community Assessment

Unemployment Rate as of December 2017
$\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline \text { Report } \\ \text { Area }\end{array}$ Labor Force $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Number } \\ \text { Employed }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l}\text { Number } \\ \text { Unemployed }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l}\text { Unemployment } \\ \text { Rate }\end{array}\right)$ December. Source geography: County


## Economy

Norton is still feeling the effects of the coal industry slowing down in recent years. Just as in AppCAA's other territories affordable transportation remains an issue with the economy, with residents not being able to drive to work and lack of public transportation. As can be seen in the chart below there is a lack of local business and job opportunities which leads to issues like high unemployment rates and poverty rates.

## Employment Distribution by Industry

The table below shows the industries with the highest number of employees in Norton City, VA for the 3rd Quarter, 2017.

| Rank | Industry Sector | Number of Establishments | Number of Employees |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Total, All Industries | 252 | 3,539 |
| 2 | Health Care and Social Assistance | 59 | 1,151 |
| 3 | Retail Trade | 49 | 672 |
| 4 | Accommodation and Food Services | 28 | 461 |
| 5 | Public Administration | 13 | 242 |
| 6 | Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services | 14 | 147 |
| 7 | Manufacturing | 8 | 135 |
| 8 | Educational Services | 1 | 124 |
| 9 | Information | 6 | 78 |
| 10 | Other Services (except Public Administration) | 17 | 66 |

Source: Virginia Employment Commission, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages

## Housing

Housing is an issue in the Lenowisco area due to the ages and conditions of the housing units. The American Community Survey reports 1,958 housing units in Norton, $95.6 \%$ of homes were built in 1999 or before. This is the area with the oldest housing stock out of the areas AppCAA serves. This makes the need greater that clients receive housing counseling services for loans around rehabilitation, refinance, high energy use, and maintenance.

The Census Bureau's 2015 home ownership rate in the City of Norton is $50.9 \%$ with a rental rate of $49.1 \%$. Housing Virginia's Sourcebook defines a high cost burden as a household spending more than $30 \%$ of their income on housing, for which 2014 is the most recent year these numbers are available. For Norton $31.2 \%$ of households suffer under high cost burden. The rate of households suffering high housing cost burden is nearly double for renters at $40.6 \%$ than homeowners' at $25.3 \%$.

All of the homes in Norton are listed as having complete plumbing facilities.

| All Housing Units by Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Report <br> Area | Before <br> 1960 | $1960-$ <br> 1979 | $1980-$ <br> 1999 | 2000 <br> 2010 | After <br> 2010 | Total Housing <br> Units | Median Year <br> Structures Built |
| Norton | $31.87 \%$ | $31.46 \%$ | $32.99 \%$ | $1.74 \%$ | $1.94 \%$ | 1,958 | 1975 |
| Virginia | $21.46 \%$ | $27.09 \%$ | $32.83 \%$ | $15.85 \%$ | $2.78 \%$ | $3,445,357$ | 1981 |
| United <br> States | $28.85 \%$ | $26.46 \%$ | $27.69 \%$ | $14.7 \%$ | $2.31 \%$ | $134,054,899$ | 1977 |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

## Education

Today one key factor in having what it takes to become a self sufficient family is education. Many employers are requiring higher education levels when hiring, this limits the job opportunities for those with low education levels of formal education. Education levels and the quality of the local school systems are key factors employers consider when deciding where to locate or expand facilities and jobs. Educational attainment is also the single biggest predictor of an individual's health.

Reading at grade level can also be an indicator of future well being and success. Fortunately, Norton scores well above the state and national averages.

| Educational Attainment 2012-2016 by Percentage <br> of Population | Norton City | Virginia | United States |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Less than High school diploma | 17.2 | 11.4 | 13.0 |
| High school diploma or equivalency | 23.2 | 24.5 | 27.5 |
| Some college, no degree | 30.0 | 19.9 | 21.0 |
| Associate's degree | 12.2 | 7.4 | 8.2 |
| Bachelor's degree | 12.1 | 21.2 | 18.8 |
| Graduate or Professional degree | 5.2 | 15.7 | 11.5 |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

## Student Reading Proficiency (4th Grade)

This indicator reports the percentage of children in grade 4 whose reading skills tested below the "proficient" level for the English Language Arts portion of the state-specific standardized test. This

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indicator is relevant because an inability to read English well is linked to poverty, unemployment, and barriers to healthcare access, provider communications, and health literacy/education.

| Report | Total Students <br> with Valid Test <br> Scores | Percentage of <br> Students Scoring <br> 'Proficient' or <br> Better | Percentage of <br> Students Scoring |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 'Not Proficient' or |  |  |  |
| Worse |  |  |  |$|$| Norton | 64 | $87 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Virginia | 94,310 | $77.03 \%$ | $22.97 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $3,393,582$ | $49.67 \%$ | $45.61 \%$ |

Data Source: US Department of Education, EDFacts. Accessed via DATA.GOV. 2014-15. Source geography: School District

Percentage of Students Scoring 'Not Proficient' or Worse

## Demographic Changes

The population in Norton has declined by -1.6\% compared to Virginia's growth of 5.5\% from 2010 to 2017. The people leaving Norton are often individuals who are of age to enter college and/or the workforce. The decline in population is one reason Norton has a greater percentage of those over 55 and 65 than state and national rates. Older populations have a greater need for medical and social services.

## Total Population Annually 2010-2017

|  | April 1, 2010 |  | Population Estimate (as of July 1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Census | Estimates Base | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
| Norton city, Virginia | 3,958 | 4,002 | 4,022 | 4,096 | 4,135 | 4,111 | 4,152 | 4,027 | 3,988 | 3,936 |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey.
Total Population and Median Age by Gender

| Report Area | Male | Female | Percent Male | Percent Female | Male | Female |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Norton VA | 1,763 | 2,215 | $44.32 \%$ | $55.68 \%$ | 44.1 | 36.3 |
| Virginia | $4,086,283$ | $4,224,018$ | $49.17 \%$ | $50.83 \%$ | 36.5 | 39.1 |
| United States | $156,765,322$ | $161,792,840$ | $49.21 \%$ | $50.79 \%$ | 36.3 | 39 |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey.


Total Population by Age Groups, Percent

| Report Area | Age 0-4 | Age 5-17 | Age 18-24 | Age 25-34 | Age 35-44 | Age 45-54 | Age 55-64 | Age 65 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Norton | $9.05 \%$ | $11.26 \%$ | $9.3 \%$ | $15.01 \%$ | $12.59 \%$ | $11.94 \%$ | $15.36 \%$ | $15.49 \%$ |
| Virginia | $6.14 \%$ | $16.31 \%$ | $9.91 \%$ | $13.89 \%$ | $13.18 \%$ | $14.24 \%$ | $12.55 \%$ | $13.78 \%$ |
| United States | $6.24 \%$ | $16.87 \%$ | $9.82 \%$ | $13.62 \%$ | $12.73 \%$ | $13.64 \%$ | $12.58 \%$ | $14.5 \%$ |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

## Health

Health issues have long been a major concern in Central Appalachia. Some of the most critical health issues for residents of Norton are substance abuse, diabetes, smoking, obesity, and lack of medical providers in the county. The causes of poor health are exacerbated when a person lacks health insurance. Poor health makes it more difficult for someone to obtain and keep a job. Often those in poor health rely heavily on their family networks and have a significantly increased need for social services. The data, provided along with client and partner surveys, shows a clear need for increased access to health and dental services across all of AppCAA's service area.

Norton has a much higher percentage of the population with a disability than state and national averages. The reasons for this are varied but include the dangerous nature of mining, logging, farming, and other locally common occupations.

Insurance - Uninsured Population

| Report <br> Area | Total Population <br> (For Whom Insurance <br> Status is Determined) | Total Uninsured <br> Population | Percent <br> Uninsured <br> Population |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Norton | 3,921 | 413 | $10.53 \%$ |
| Virginia | $8,096,958$ | 864,477 | $10.68 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $313,576,137$ | $36,700,246$ | $11.7 \%$ |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.
Population with Any Disability

| Report <br> Area | Total Population <br> (For Whom Disability <br> Status Is Determined) | Total Population <br> with a Disability | Percent <br> Population with a <br> Disability |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Norton | 3,921 | 698 | $17.8 \%$ |
| Virginia | $8,096,958$ | 915,366 | $11.31 \%$ |
| United <br> States | $313,576,137$ | $39,272,529$ | $12.52 \%$ |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source geography: Tract


Percent Population with a Disability


## Substance Abuse

Substance abuse is another key health issue that residents of Norton are facing. Substance abuse ranked lower with surveys that were completed by clients ranking 2.75 out of 4 , and ranked at a higher rate of 4.5 out of 5 with AppCAA's Board of Directors and community partners. Both quantitative and qualitative prove that substance abuse is an issue in the area of Wise County.

Opioid use, particularly prescription pills, has been especially high; however, local health departments are now seeing a gradual resurgence of methamphetamines as the drug of choice among addicts. Drug use is all too frequently a causal element in suicides within the region. Suicide and substance abuse are made more common by poor mental health.

## Mortality - Suicide

The mortality by suicide rate for Norton is suppressed/unavailable because of the small sample size of the community (even one suicide annually would yield extremely high per 100,000 population statistics.) The rate for Norton is likely similar to Wise County's 15.4 suicides per 100,000 population.

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## Overdose Death Rate

The Appalachian Regional Commission does not provide overdose death information for Norton. The rate is probably similar to or included with in Wise County's rate of 48.1 drug overdose deaths per 100,000 people in 2015 . This is more than double the national average of 20.6 deaths per 100,000 people.

## County Health Ranking

The County Health Rankings, issued by the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, have become one of the most common metrics for evaluating the overall health of a region. Norton ranks near the middle of the state- as the $74^{\text {th }}$ least healthy out of 133 jurisdictions evaluated in Virginia.

## Other Available Resources in Service Area

In the charts below are listings of the other resources in AppCAA's service areas that the agency already has partnerships with or is looking to developing partnerships in the future. Listed below is the name of the company, address, and services offered.

Lee County

$\left.$| Business | Address | Services |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Advocate Center | 701 Kentucky <br> Ave SE Norton, <br> VA 24273 | Rapid rehousing, homeless prevention, <br> domestic violence, sexual assault services, <br> thrift store, Dollar Energy Fund (Services <br> provided in Lenowisco and Dickenson |
| Common Wealth Catholic Charities | (276) 679-7240 <br> County) |  |
| NW, Norton, VA |  |  | | Aging and disability services, adoption, |
| :--- |
| children's services, foster care, counseling, |
| pregnancy counseling, immigration |
| services, income and asset services, food |
| pantry, HOPWA, Interpreter services, |
| supportive housing and homeless services | \right\rvert\,


| Lee County Health Department www.vdh.virginia.gov | Hill Street Jonesville, VA 24263 <br> (276) 346-2014 | Environmental health services, WIC, Pharmacy connection program, dental health services, child development clinic, family planning \& birth control, resources for parents \& expectant parents, STD, HIV, immunizations, and more |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Appalachia Service Project | 383 Asp Dr. <br> Jonesville, VA $24263$ | Home repair |
| www.asphome.org | (276) 346-3377 |  |
| Feeding America Southwest Virginia | 21452 Gravel <br> Lake Road <br> Abingdon, VA <br> 24211 | They have local food pantries/kitchens spread across Scott, Lee, Wise, and Norton |
| www.faswva.org | (276) 628-9266 |  |

Scott County

| Organization/website | Address / Phone | Services |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Advocate Center | 701 Kentucky Ave SE, Norton, VA 24273 <br> (276) 679-7240 | Rapid Rehousing, homeless prevention, domestic violence, sexual assault services, thrift store, Dollar Energy Fund (services provided in Lenowisco and Dickenson County) |
| Clinch River Health Services <br> www.crhealthservices.weebly.org | 17285 Veterans Memorial Hwy, Dungannon, VA 24245 <br> (276) 467-2201 | Prenatal care, infant \& child care, adolescent medicine, primary gynecology, general internal medicine, geriatrics, preventive health care, minor surgery, behavioral health services |
| Common Wealth Catholic Charities <br> www.cccofva.org | 507 Park Ave NW Norton, VA 24273 (276) 679-1195 | Aging and disability services, adoption, children's services, foster care, counseling, pregnancy counseling, immigration services, income and asset services, food pantry, HOPWA, Interpreter services, supportive housing and homeless services |
| Dungannon Development Commission | 344 Phoenix <br> Street <br> Dungannon, VA <br> 24245 | Home repairs, food bank, crisis repair for houses damaged by flood or fire |
| www.ddcinc.org | (276) 467-2306 |  |


| Hope House of Scott County www.domesticshelters.org | PO Box 1992 Gate City, VA 24251 <br> (276) 386-1373 | Case management, food \& clothing, emergency shelter, domestic violence education, assistance with orders of protection, court accompaniment/advocacy, relocation services, transportation, parenting skills training, spiritual services, after school programs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scott Co Social Services www.dss.virginia.gov | 190 Beech St Suite 101, Gate City, VA 24251 <br> (276) 386-3631 | Medical services, food, income maintenance, CPS, APS, TANF, SNAP, Medicaid, FAMIS, energy assistance program, fuel assistance, crisis assistance, cooling assistance, foster care, adoption services |
| Scott Co Health Department | 190 Beech St Suite 102, Gate City, VA 24251 | Environmental health services, WIC, pharmacy connection program, dental health services, child development clinic, family planning \& birth control, resources for parents \& expectant parents, STD, HIV, immunizations, and more |
| Frontier Health | 1006 U.S. Highway 23N, Weber City, VA 24290 | Crisis response, mental health, drug \& alcohol addiction/co-occurring, developmental disabilities, vocational \& recovery services |
| www.frontierhealth.org | (276) 225-0976 |  |
| Lonesome Pine Office on Youth | 219 Wood Ave E <br> Big Stone Gap, VA <br> 24219 <br> (276) 523-5064 | Professional parent services, KIDS, strengthening families program, nurturing parenting, Parenting Wisely, mentor program, family liaison, \#LIFE, school essay contests |
| Mountain Empire Older Citizens www.Meoc.org | 1501 3rd Ave E <br> Big Stone Gap, VA 24219 <br> (276) 523-4202 | Transportation, primary medical \& specialty care, prescription drug coverage, physical, occupational, speech therapy, dental, podiatry, optometry adult day health services, home care services, medical Equipment/supplies, meals |
| Feeding America Southwest Virginia | 21452 Gravel Lake <br> Road, Abingdon, VA 24211 | They have local food pantries/kitchens spread across Scott, Lee, Wise, and Norton. |
| www.Faswva.org |  |  |


| Rural Development | 359 Gateway <br> Plaza A1, Gate <br> City, VA 24251 | Rural Business-Cooperatives Service, <br> Rural Housing Service - Community <br> Facilities, Rural Housing Service - Multi- <br> Family Housing, Rural Housing Service - <br> Single-Family Housing, Rural Utilities <br> Service - Electric Programs, Rural Utilities <br> Service - Telecommunications Programs, |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| www.rd.usda.gov | (276) 386-3951 |  <br> Environmental Programs |
| RACE to GED | 1490 Bristol Hwy <br> Gate City, VA <br> 24251. | GED testing and resources to study for <br> the test, English as a Second Language <br> instruction |
| www.Myrace1.org | (276) 386-2433 |  |

## Wise County

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|}\hline \text { Business } & \text { Address } & \text { Services } \\ \hline \text { Advocate Center } & \begin{array}{l}\text { S01 Kentucky Ave } \\ \text { SE Norton, VA } \\ 24273\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Rapid rehousing, homeless prevention, } \\ \text { domestic violence, sexual assault services, } \\ \text { thrift store, Dollar Energy Fund (Services }\end{array} \\ \text { provided in Lenowisco and Dickenson } \\ \text { County) }\end{array}\right]$

| Frontier Health | 43 Champions <br> Ave <br> Big Stone Gap, VA <br> 24219 |  <br> alcohol addiction/co-occurring, <br>  <br> recovery services |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| www.frontierhealth.org | (276) 523-8300 |  |

City of Norton

| Business | Address | Services |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Advocate Center | 701 Kentucky Ave SE Norton, VA 24273 <br> (276) 679-7240 | Rapid rehousing, homeless prevention, domestic violence, sexual assault services, Thrift store, Dollar Energy Fund (Services provided in Lenowisco and Dickenson County) |
| Common Wealth Catholic Charities www.cccofva.org | 507 Park Ave NW, Norton, VA 24273 <br> (276) 679-1195 | Aging and disability services, adoption, children's services, foster care, counseling, pregnancy counseling, immigration services, income and asset services, food pantry, HOPWA, Interpreter services, supportive housing and homeless services |
| Lonesome Pine Office on Youth | 219 Wood Ave <br> E, Big Stone Gap, VA 24219 <br> (276) 523-5064 | Professional parent services, KIDS, strengthening families program, nurturing parenting, Parenting Wisely, mentor program, family liaison, \#LIFE, school essay contests |
| Mountain Empire Older Citizens meoc.org | 1501 3rd Ave E Big Stone Gap, VA 24219 <br> (276) 523-4202 | Transportation, primary medical \& specialty care, prescription drug coverage, physical, occupational, speech therapy, dental, podiatry, optometry adult day health services, home care services, medical equipment/supplies, meals |
| Junction Center | $15203^{\text {rd }}$ Ave E <br> Big Stone Gap, <br> VA <br> 24219 <br> (276) 524-4081 | Peer counseling, independent living skills training, Information \& referral, individual advocacy, ADA accessibility, alternative formats, assistive technology, home modifications, support groups, college transition, transportation, options counseling |
| Norton Social Services | 644 Park Ave Norton, VA 24273 <br> (276) 679-2701 | Medical, food, income maintenance, CPS, APS, TANF, SNAP, Medicaid, FAMIS, energy assistance program, fuel assistance, crisis assistance, cooling assistance, foster care, adoption services |
| Family Crisis Support Services <br> www.family-crisis.org | 701 Kentucky Ave SE, Norton, VA 24273 <br> (276) 679-2701 | Domestic violence help, shelter |


| Norton City Health Department | 134 Roberts <br> Ave SW, Wise <br> VA 24293 | Environmental health services, WIC, <br> Pharmacy connection program, dental <br> health services, child development clinic, <br> family planning \& birth control, resources <br> for parents \& expectant parents, STD, HIV, <br> immunizations, and more |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| www.vdh.virginia.gov | (276) 328-8000 | They |
| Feeding America Southwest Virginia | 21452 Gravel <br> Lake Road, <br> Abingdon, VA <br> 24211 | They have local food pantries/kitchens <br> spread across Scott, Lee, Wise, and Norton |
| Faswva.org | (276) 628-9266 |  |


[^0]:    Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey.

